

Start 2024 with a Resolution to be Prepared!

Start the new year right by prioritizing your preparedness for any emergency. Resolve to be Ready in 2024 by creating a family emergency plan, building an emergency kit, staying informed, learning new lifesaving skills, and knowing your threats and hazards.

In this newsletter you will find:

- Traffic law reminders
- Crime trends
- Crime Reporting
- Puna's Most Wanted

The goal of this newsletter is to provide community information, crime prevention tips & education, inform you about crime in our community, and alert you to upcoming Police Department events. We look forward to sharing this information and helping you learn how to keep your families, homes and property safer.

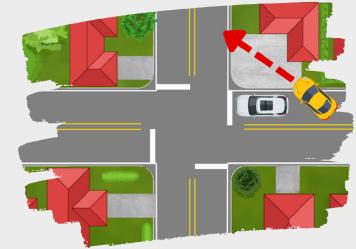




((CUTTING CORNERS))

The Hawaii Police Department would like to remind all drivers of Hawaii County Code Section 24-172 regarding cutting corners. This law prohibits any person from operating or driving a vehicle on or across any sidewalk area or through any driveway, parking lot, or business entrance for the purpose of making right or left turns from one street into another by avoiding intersections or as a means of traveling from one street to another.

It is crucial for all drivers to follow this law, as it helps ensure the safety of pedestrians & other drivers. Cutting corners can cause accidents, especially in areas with high foot traffic, & can result in serious injuries or fatalities. Moreover, violating Section 24-172 can lead to a traffic citation, & drivers who repeatedly violate this law could face more severe consequences. Cutting corners can cause Traffic Collisions, especially in areas with high foot traffic, & can result in serious injuries or



fatalities. Moreover, violating Section 24-172 can lead to a traffic citation, & drivers who repeatedly violate this law may face more severe consequences.

We understand that some drivers may be tempted to cut corners to save time or avoid traffic. However, it is important to prioritize safety over convenience. By taking the extra time to follow the rules of the road, we can all help reduce the number of collisions & injuries in our communities. Thank you for your cooperation in helping to keep our roads safe.

MOPED LAWS



- **Solution** Eye protection
- **Solution** License
- **Speed limits**



Moped operators need to be aware of the laws & regulations regarding moped use to ensure the safety of themselves & others on the road. Moped operators are required to follow the same traffic laws as other vehicle operators, including laws related to speed limits, right-of-way, & DUI. In addition, we would like to remind the community about a few other laws that are unique to moped use. Please note this article is not an exhaustive list of moped laws; for additional information, refer to the Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS) & Hawaii County Code (HCC).

First, let's define a moped. The definition of a moped can be viewed in full in Section HRS §286-2. In short, a moped may have 2 or 3 wheels, may carry only 1 person, must have a maximum of 2 horsepower, a top speed on a straight level surface of no more than 30 mph, & have an automatic transmission. If your moped goes faster than 30 mph, it is no longer a moped; it is a motor scooter with insurance & different licensing requirements.

Below are some of the laws we commonly see violated that operators claim to be unaware of:

- A driver's license is required. You can drive a moped with any class license. If you don't have a license & desire only to drive a moped, a Class 1 license will meet your need. It allows the holder to drive only mopeds, & both a knowledge & a practical test are required HRS §291C-194.
- Mopeds must be registered with the County director of finance, meaning they must have a license plate & a current registration sticker affixed to that license plate HRS §249-14.
- Moped operators must wear protective eyewear HCC §24-186.1 (1).
- Only 1 person is allowed to ride on a moped, meaning no passengers are allowed even if the moped was built to accommodate a second rider HRS §291C-195(c)
- Mopeds driving below the speed limit must ride as near to the right side of the roadway as feasible HRS §291C-196(a)
- Moped operators must drive in a single file HRS §291C-196(b).
- Moped are prohibited from driving on sidewalks or paths intended for the exclusive use of pedestrians HRS §291C-196(c).
- Moped drivers are required to use bicycle lanes when present HRS §291C-197 (a).
- Mopeds are limited to a maximum speed of a moped to 35 MPH HRS §291C-198(b). Even on a downhill with a speed limit above 35 MPH, a moped is required to stay at or below 35 MPH.
- All mopeds must undergo a yearly safety inspection HRS §291C-202.
- You are prohibited from modifying a moped motor to increase the horsepower above 2 horse power <u>HRS §291C-206(a)</u>.
- Persons under 18 years of age must wear a helmet with a chin strap <u>HRS §286-81(e)</u>.

NOTE: Wearing a helmet is not required for persons over 18, but it is very highly recommended. No one ever expects to crash, but if you do crash, a helmet will help protect your good looks, teeth, nose, eyes, skull, & your brain. A full-face helmet provides the most protection. Having a face shield reduces wind noise & discomfort from bugs, dirt & rain. Additional recommended protective items are: eye protection, full-fingered gloves, long-sleeved shirt & pants and shoes that cover your ankles.

It's important to understand & follow the laws & regulations regarding moped use to ensure the safety of yourself & others on the road. If you have any further questions or concerns pleas reach out to our community Police Officers.

Child Passenger SAFETY RESTRAINT



What you need to know about the new law

The Hawai'i Police Department would like to remind the public of changes to the Child Passenger Safety Restraint Laws (HRS §291-11.5) that took effect on June 27th. Senate Bill 152, which updates these laws, is intended to protect our children while on the road. We ask everyone to spread the word and to follow these laws to ensure the safety of our keiki.

According to the amended law, children of certain ages are now required to be secured in rear-facing car seats (previously, there was no such requirement). Children under the age of 10 (previously 8) are now required to ride in a booster seat, unless they are 4'9" or taller and able to use a factory seatbelt.

In addition to these new regulations, lawmakers have increased the fines for violating these laws, with a maximum fine of \$800 for repeat offenders.

For more information, please visit the <u>Keiki Injury</u> <u>Prevention Coalition</u> website."

OVERVIEW

Child under 2 years old

 Must be properly restrained in a rearfacing car seat with harness.

Child age 2-4 year old

 Must be properly restrained in a rearfacing or forward-facing car seat with harness.

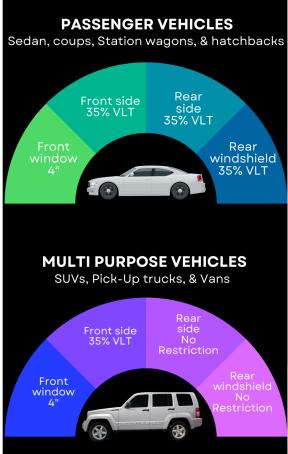
Children under 4-10 years old

- Must ride in a booster seat unless they have reached the height of 4'9"
- Must be properly restrained regardless of how many seat belt assemblies are in the vehicle.

Penalties

 Violators may pay up to \$800 in fines and will be required by the court to attend a child passenger safety class approved by the Hawaii State Judiciary.





The Hawai'i Police Department reminds motorists of current tint laws (HRS section 291-21.5(a))

WHY DO WE CARE?

First & foremost, it's the law. Nevertheless, there are a few other considerations that the public may not consider when purchasing tint for a vehicle.

ACCIDENTS

Having excessively dark windows can substantially diminish a driver's vision while driving, particularly during the night or in poor weather conditions. This can result in serious traffic.

collisions with another vehicle or even a pedestrian

OFFICER-SAFETY CONCERNS

Tint impedes police from seeing into a car during a traffic stop. This can pose a tremendous safety risk for officers, preventing them from viewing what the occupants are doing. Many offenders use dark tint to hide unlawful activities such as drug deals or their identity when they have an active warrant for arrest.

WHAT IS AUTHORIZED?

Medical exemptions: There are no authorized medical exemptions to this law.

Additional points of note

- 1. There are no medical exemptions to tint laws.
- 2. Dual side mirrors are required if the van's, minivan's, truck's, or buses' back window is tinted.
- 3. Safety check facilities are now required to test your tint with a tint meter and submit photos proving compliance. If your tint is not in compliance, you will not be issued a safety check, and if driven can be cited for this too.
- 4. Fines can range between \$250 \$500 for the vehicle owner and \$500-\$100 for business who installed the tint PER WINDOW.
 - VLT= Visible light transmission
 - There is a +/- 6% margin of error authorized.



SLOW DOWN &



Attention Hawaii drivers! Did you know that there's a law in place to help protect our emergency responders? It's called the move over law, & it's important to understand what it requires of you.

When you see a stationary emergency vehicle with its lights on, such as a police car or a fire truck you must take action. Here's what you need to do:

First, change to an adjacent lane if possible. If you can't do that, move two lanes over to create an empty lane between you & the emergency vehicle.

second, slow down to a safe speed based on the current road conditions. Be prepared to come to a full stop if necessary to make a safe lane change.

This law applies to a variety of emergency vehicles,

This law applies to a variety of emergency vehicles, including police & fire department vehicles, tow trucks, & more. If you don't comply with the move over law, you could face a traffic citation, mandatory court appearance, & a fine of up to \$1,000.

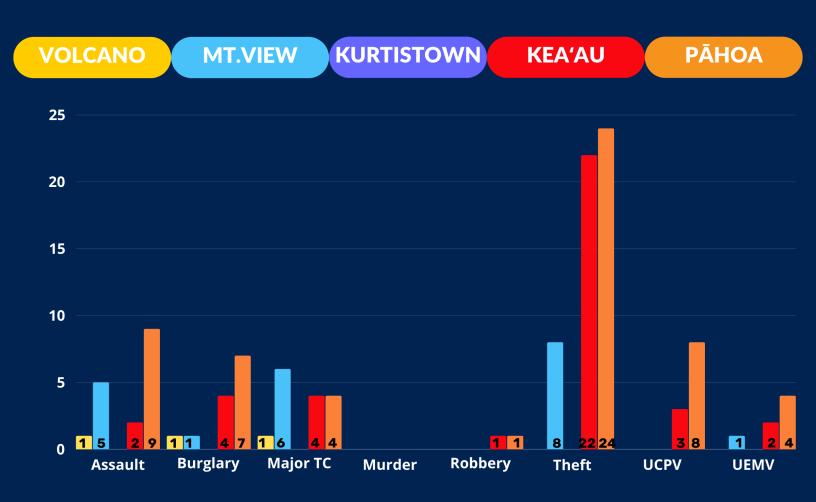
Remember, violating the move over law & causing injury or death to an emergency responder may result in additional charges. Let's all do our part to keep our emergency responders safe by following Hawaii's move over law.





GIVE US ROOM TO WORK

JANUARY REPORTED CRIMES



- **Assault:** When a person intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes bodily injury to another or negligently with a dangerous instrument.
- **Burglary:** Intentionally & unlawfully entering & remaining in a building with intent to commit a crime against person or property.
- **CPD:** Criminal Property Damage; unlawful damaging of another's property; vandalism.
- Robbery: If in the course of committing theft or non-consensual taking of a motor vehicle the person uses force.
- **Theft:** When a person obtains or exerts control over property of another with intent to deprive the other of the property.
- **UCPV:** Unauthorized Control of Propelled vehicle; auto theft.
- **UEMV**: Unauthorized entry into a motor vehicle; car break-in.

JANUARY CRIME STATS

VOLCANO

Assault: 1

Omaomao Road

Burglary: 1

Mokuna Street

<u>Major Traffic Casualty: 1</u>

Highway 11 - MM27

MOUNTAIN VIEW

Assault: 5

Kaleponi Drive

Mountain View Elem.

3rd Road

Volcano Road

Makoa Road

Burglary: 1

Kona Street

Theft: 8

Kopaa Street

Ala Naualani

Kokokahi Road

Volcano Road

Huina Road

Oahu Street

Wao Kele Road

Thorne Street

Major TC: 6

Highway 11 (3x)

Pikake Street

Plumeria Street

Moho Road

UEMV: 1

Volcano Road

JANUARY CRIME STATS

KEAAU

Assault: 2

Shipman Park

32nd Avenue

Major TC: 4

Hwy 130/Keaau Transfer Station

Orchidland Drive/35th Avenue

Hwy 130/Keaau High School

Orchidland Drive/Hwy 130

UEMV: 2

Beach Road & Kaloli Drive

Keaau Bypass Road & Milo Street

UCPV: 3

Haa Place

9th Avenue

37th Avenue

Theft: 22

35th Avenue

5th Avenue

7 Eleven Keaau(2x)

Milo Street/Banana Farm

Ohiohi Street

Haa Place

13th Avenue(4x)

40th Avenue

28th Avenue

Ipuaiwaha Street

Keaau High School(2x)

15th Avenue

Railroad Avenue

34th Avenue

Macadamia Road/Volcano Road

37th Avenue

10th Avenue

<u>Robbery: 1</u>

32nd Avenue

CRI JANUARY CRIME STATS

PAHOA

Assault: 9

Pahoa Village Road(2x)

Road A

Puhala Drive

Pohoiki Boat Ramp

Ohiki Street

Kaehukai Street

Kapu Lane(2x)

Major TC: 4

Highway 130/Leilani Avenue

Highway 130/Pahoa Station

Leisure Lane

Limu Street

Burglary: 7

North Puni Mauka Loop

Leilani Avenue

Kamaili Road

Forest Road(2x)

Tiki Lane

Pahoa Village Road

Robbery: 1

Ohiki Street

UEMV: 4

Kehena Beach (2x)

Pahoa Village Road (2x)

UCPV: 8

Kuhio Drive

Plumeria Drive

King Kamehameha Boulevard

Kahakai Boulevard/Longs Pahoa

Pahoa Village Road

Forest Road

Driftwood Lane

Pomaikai Street

CRI JANUARY CRIME STATS

PAHOA

Theft: 24

Hilo Lane

North Puni Mauka Loop

Kahakai Boulevard & Paul's Repair

Moaniala Street

Puakenikeni Place

Pahoa Village Road(3x)

Niuhi Street

7 Eleven Pahoa

Kuhio Drive

Kalapana Kapoho Beach Road

Lililoi Drive

Keaau Pahoa Road/Makuu Mrkt.

Kehena Beach

Hapuu Drive

Holiday Road

Pahoa Kapoho Road

Driftwood Lane

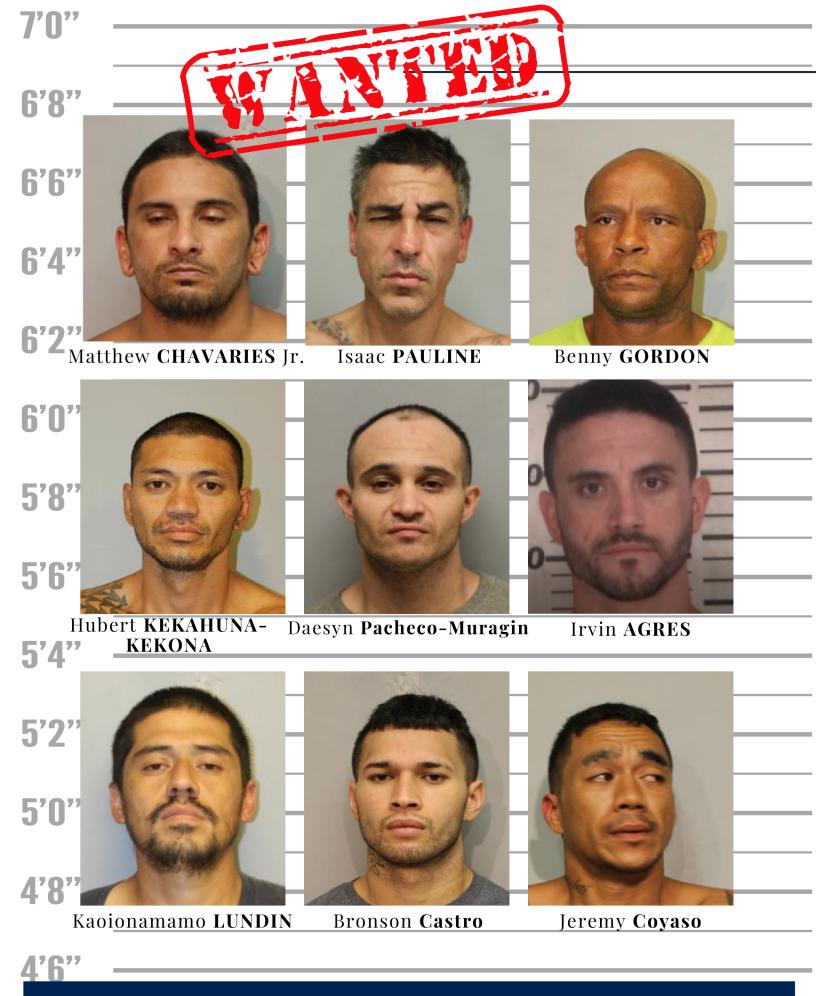
Moku Street

Plumeria Drive

Forrest Road

Pahoa Elementary School

Leilani Avenue



Please do not attempt to contact any wanted person as they may be armed and/or dangerous. If you have information regarding the whereabouts of any listed individual please call police.

